

GRETSA UNIVERSITY - THIKA

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS JANUARY – APRIL 2017 SEMESTER

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE

COURSE CODE: BCBA 103

COURSE TITLE: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

DATE: 7 APRIL 2017 TIME: 11.30 AM – 2.30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. SECTION A IS **COMPULSORY.**
- 2. SECTION B: ANSWER ANY OTHER **THREE** QUESTIONS.
- 3. **DO NOT** WRITE ANYTHING ON THIS QUESTION PAPER AS IT WILL BE AN EXAM IRREGULARITY.
- 4. ALL ROUGH WORK SHOULD BE AT THE BACK OF YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET AND CROSSED OUT.

CAUTION: All exam rooms are under CCTV surveillance during the examination period.

SECTION A: COMPULSORY

Question 1

- a) Evaluate $\int (8x^3 3x^2 + 6x 10) dx$ (3 Marks)
- b) The total revenue obtained from selling 'x' hundred items in a particular day is given by 'R' which a a function of variable 'x'. The marginal revenue MR=20-4x. Required;
 - i. Determine the total revenue function (5 Marks)
 - ii. Find the number of items sold in one day that will maximize the total revenue and evaluate the total revenue at that point. (5 Marks)
- c) A shop buys 200g packets of Tea and 500g packets of Coffee. Tea costs 50 shillings each and Coffee costs 70 shillings per packet. There is a maximum of Ksh. 3,000 to spend;
 - i) Formulate an inequality to represent this information (5 Marks)
 - ii) The number of coffee packets should not be greater than the tea packets. Write down an inequality to show this information. (5 Marks)
 - iii) There must be at least 40 packets of Tea. Write down an inequality to show this information. (3 Marks)
 - iv) What is the maximum number of Tea packets the trader can buy if he has to buy 5 packets of Coffee?. (7 Marks)
- d) Two dice are thrown once on the table. Assuming both dice are unbiased;
 - *i*) Draw a table of the sample space

(4 marks)

ii) What is the probability of drawing (5,4) in both the dice

(3 marks)

SECTION B: ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

Question 2

a) Differentiate the following with respect to 'x'.

$$i) y = \sqrt{3x^2 - 4}$$
 (2 marks)

$$ii) y = (x^2 - 1)(4x^3 - 5)$$
 (2 marks)

iii)
$$y = \ln(x^2 - 5x + 6)$$
 (3 marks)

$$iv) y = e^{lnx}$$
 (3 marks)

iv)
$$y = x^2 e^x$$
 (3 marks)

b) The profit function of a certain firm is given by the following function;

$$\pi = aQ^2 + bQ + c$$

It is known that if $\pi = 9$, 34 and 19 when Q = 1, 2 and 3 respectively.

i) Solve for the values of a, b and c.

(3 marks)

ii) Determine the breakeven point.

(4 marks)

Question 3

The table below shows the unit price of a certain product and the corresponding quantity demanded.

Price(Ksh) 'P'	40	44	48	52	56	60
Demand Quantity('000kg) 'Q'	64	56	48	40	32	24

Required;

a) Plot a graph of the unit price against the demand quantity

(5 marks)

- b) Use your graph to derive an equation for the unit price, 'P', in terms of the demand 'Q'. (5 marks)
- c) What would be the quantity demanded for a price of 70?

(5 marks)

d) Determine the quantity and the price that should be charged to maximize the profit.

(5 marks)

Question 4

a) Consider the following consumption function;

$$C = 2.6 + 0.65Y^d$$
 Where $Y^d = Y - T$ and $T = tY$

i) Express consumption C as a function of total income Y.

(5 marks)

ii) Find the level of C if t=0.3 and Y=100

(5 marks)

b) Given the following investment and import function;

$$S = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Y$$

$$X = 100$$

- i) Determine the values of S and X at the following levels of income; Y=0; 100. (4 marks)
- ii) If income drops by 100, what proportion of that drop will be a drop in savings? (3 marks)
- iii) Will the drop in income affect exports? Explain. (3 marks)

Question 5

a) A company produces two goods A and B and the prices are given below;

$$P_1 = 50 - x$$

$$P_2 = 95 - 3y$$

The total cost function is given as $C = x^2 + 3xy + y^2$;

- i) Determine the profit function ' π '' (4 marks)
- ii) Determine the value of x and y that maximizes profit. (3 marks)
- iii) Deduce the corresponding prices (3 marks)
- b) The total profit per acre on a wheat farm has been found to be related to the expenditure per acre for labour and soil improvement as in the following function;

$$Profit = 48x + 60y + 10xy - 10x^2 - 6y^2$$

Where x = Expenditure per acre spent on labour

y = Expenditure per acre spent on soil improvement

Determine;

i) The value of 'x' that maximizes profit
 ii) The value of 'y' that maximizes profit
 iii) Maximum profit
 (4 marks)
 (2 marks)